

## Workstation Neonatal Care – Dräger Babylog<sup>®</sup> VN500

Comprehensive ventilatory support at the bedside: When it comes to the neonatal care area, clinicians need immediate access to the complete spectrum of respiratory support. Noninvasive, invasive and advanced therapies are all key components in meeting the needs of these frail patients. The Babylog<sup>®</sup> VN500 is the clinician's choice for the neonatal intensive care unit.



## **TECHNICAL DATA**

Patient type	Neonates and pediatric patients
Ventilation settings	
Ventilation modes	Pressure-controlled ventilation:
	- PC-CMV
	- PC-AC
	- PC-SIMV
	- PC-PSV
	- PC-APRV (optional)
	- PC-HEQ (optional)
	- PC-MMV (optional)
	Support of spontaneous breathing
	- SPN-CPAP/PS
	- SPN-CPAP/VS (optional)
	- SPN-PPS (optional)
Enhancements	- Appea ventilation
	- Flow trigger
	- Sigh function
	- Volume Guarantee (VG) (optional)
	<ul> <li>Automatic Tube Compensation (ATC) (optional)</li> </ul>
	– PC-APRV with AutoRelease (optional)
	– HFO-Sigh (optional)
	– HFO-Volume Guarantee (HFO-VG)
	(optional)
Special procedures	<ul> <li>Suction maneuver</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Manual inspiration/hold</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Medication nebulization</li> </ul>
Therapy types	<ul> <li>Invasive ventilation (Tube)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Non-invasive ventilation NIV</li> </ul>
	– O <sub>2</sub> Therapy
Ventilation frequency (RR)	0.5 to 150/min



The Babylog<sup>®</sup> VN500 with Infinity<sup>®</sup> Medical Cockpit<sup>™</sup> C500

Inspiratory time (Ti)	Neonates 0.1 to 1.5 s
Maximum inapiratory time for flow evolod breathe (Timey)	
	Pediatric patients 0.1 to 4 s
Tidal volume (VT) (optional)	Neonates 0.002 to 0.1 L under BTPS ± 8% of set value Pediatric patients 0.02 to 0.3 L under BTPS ± 5% of set value
Tidal volume for pressure support (VT) (optional)	Neonates 0.002 to 0.1 L under BTPS ± 8% of set value
	Pediatric patients 0.02 to 0.3 L under BTPS ± 5% of set value
Activation state of Apnea Ventilation	On, Off
Activation state of the function	On, Off
Automatic return from Apnea Ventilation	
Tidal volume during Apnea Ventilation (VTapn)	Neonates 0.002 to 0.1 L under BTPS ± 8% of set value Pediatric patients 0.02 to 0.3 L under BTPS ± 5% of set value
Respiratory rate during Apnea Ventilation (RRapn)	2 to 150/min
Inspiratory flow (Flow)	2 to 30 L/min
Inspiratory pressure (Pinsp)	1 to 80 mbar (or hPa or cmH <sub>2</sub> O)
Inspiratory pressure limit (Pmax)	2 to 100 mbar (or hPa or cmH <sub>2</sub> O)
PEEP / intermittent PEEP (intPEEP)	0 to 35 mbar (or hPa or cmH <sub>2</sub> O)
Rise time for pressure support (Slope)	Neonates 0 to 1.5 s
	Pediatric patients 0 to 2 s
O <sub>2</sub> concentration (FiO <sub>2</sub> )	21 to 100 Vol%
Trigger sensitivity (Flow trigger)	0.2 to 5 L/min
Airway Pressure Release Ventilation	<ul> <li>Inspiratory time (Thigh) 0.1 to 30 s</li> </ul>
(PC-APRV) (optional)	<ul> <li>Expiratory time (Tlow) 0.05 to 30 s</li> </ul>
	- Tlow max: 0.05 to 30 s
	<ul> <li>Inspiratory pressure (Phigh) 1 to 80 mbar (or hPa or cmH<sub>2</sub>O)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Expiratory pressure (Plow) 0 to 35 mbar (or hPa or cmH<sub>2</sub>O)</li> </ul>
	- Termination criterion (expiratory flow Exp. Term.) 1 to 80%
Proportional Pressure Support	Flow Assist
(SPN-PPS) (optional)	<ul> <li>Neonates 0 to 300 mbar/L/s (or hPa/L/s or cmH<sub>2</sub>O/L/s)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pediatric patients 0 to 100 mbar/L/s (or hPa/L/s or cmH<sub>2</sub>O/L/s)</li> </ul>
	Volume Assist
	- Neonates 0 to 4000 mbar/L (or hPa/L or cmH <sub>2</sub> O/L) corresponds to
	compliance compensation: 10000 to 0.5 mL/mbar (or mL/hPa or mL/cmH <sub>2</sub> O)
	<ul> <li>Pediatric patients 0 to 1000 mbar/L (or hPa/L or cmH<sub>2</sub>O/L) corresponds to compliance compensation: 10000 to 1 mL/mbar (or hPa/L or cmH<sub>2</sub>O/L)</li> </ul>
Automatic Tube Compensation	Inner tube diameter Tube Ø
(ATC) (optional)	- Endotracheal tube ET
	Pediatric patients 2 to 8 mm (0.08 to 0.31 inch)
	Neonatal patients 2 to 5 mm (0.08 to 0.2 inch)
	- Iracheostomy tube Irach.
	Degree of componentian 0 to 100%
High Eroguanay Oppillation	Mean airway pressure (MARh) E to 50 mbar (ar hRa ar amH O)
(PC-HEQ) (optional)	= Mean an way pressure (MAFIII) 5 to 30 Hbar (or HFa or $\operatorname{Gin}_2 \mathcal{O}$ )
	$= \operatorname{Proseure amplitude} (\operatorname{Ampl} \operatorname{hf}) 1 \text{ to } 90 \text{ mbar} (\operatorname{or} \operatorname{hPa} \operatorname{or} \operatorname{cmH} \cdot \mathbf{O})$
	=  Fressure amplitude (Amplitude (Amplitude (Mmplitude (Mmplit
	Sigh processor (Prigh) 5 to 90 mbc (or bPa or amH $O$ )
	Poppiratory rate of sigh (PPoigh) 1 to 20 /min
	- Sigh pressure rise time (Slope sigh)
	Pediatric patients 0 to 2 s
	Neonates 0 to 1.5 s
	Sigh inspiratory time (Tisigh) 0.1 to 3 s
Leakage compensation	- On / Off
	<ul> <li>On: flow/volume correction and trigger adaptation</li> </ul>
	- Off: trigger adaption
O <sub>2</sub> Therapy	Continuous Flow (BTPS) 2 to 50 L/min
	O <sub>2</sub> concentration FiO <sub>2</sub> 21 to 100 Vol%
Maneuver settings	
Sigh	Sigh pressure ( $\Delta$ intPEEP) 0 to 20 mbar (or hPa or cmH <sub>2</sub> O)
	Time interval between sighs (Interval sigh) 20 s to 180 min
	inumber of cycles for a sign (Cycles sign) I to 20 exhalations

Maneuver settings	
Oxygen enrichment for suction maneuver	Actual FiO₂ concentration is multiplied by a configured factor between 100 to 200% Individual factors can be configured for neonatal and pediatric patients
Medication nebulization	for 5, 10, 15, 30 minutes
Endotracheal suction	
Disconnection detection	automatic
Reconnection detection	automatic
Initial oxygen enrichment	max. 3 minutes of increased FiO <sub>2</sub> (factor 100 to 200% of set FiO <sub>2</sub> )
Active suction phase	max. 2 minutes
	max. 2 minutes of increased FIO <sub>2</sub> (factor 100 to 200% of set FIO <sub>2</sub> )
Measured values displayed	
Airway pressure measurement	Plateau pressure (Pplat)
	Positive end-expiratory pressure (PEEP)
	Peak inspiratory pressure (PIP)
	Mean airway pressure (Pmean)
	Min. airway pressure (Pmin)
	End-inspiratory pressure for mandatory breaths (FIP)
	Upper pressure level in APRV (Phigh)
	Pressure amplitude (peak-to-peak) in HFO (ΔPhf)
	Range -60 to 120 mbar (or hPa or cmH $_2$ O)
Flow measurement (proximal)	Total minute volume (MV)
	Mandatory minute volume (MVmand)
	Spontaneous minute volume (MVspon)
	Range 0 to 99 L/min BTPS
Tidal volume measurement	Tidal volume (VT)
	Inspiratory tidal volume (not leakage compensated) of mandatory breaths (VTimand)
	Expiratory tidal volume (not leakage compensated) of mandatory breaths (V lemand)
	Pango 0 to 5500ml
Poppiratory rate moggyroment	
Respiratory rate measurement	Mandatory respiratory rate (RRmand)
	Spontaneous respiratory rate (RRspon)
	Range 0 to 300/min
O <sub>2</sub> measurement (inspiratory side)	Inspiratory O <sub>2</sub> concentration (FiO <sub>2</sub> )
	Range 18 to 100 Vol%
CO <sub>2</sub> measurement in main flow	End-expiratory CO <sub>2</sub> concentration (etCO <sub>2</sub> )
	Range 0 to 100 mmHg (or 0 to 13.2 Vol% or 0 to 13.3 kPa)
	Internal volume of CO <sub>2</sub> cuvette 5 mL
Displayed calculated values	
Leakage minute volume (MVleak)	Range 0 to 99 L/min BTPS
Leakage	Range 0 to 100%
Compliance (C)	Range 0 to 650 mL/mbar (or mL/hPa or mL/cmH <sub>2</sub> O)
Resistance (R)	Range 0 to 1000 mbar/(L/s) (or hPa/(L/s) or cmH <sub>2</sub> O/(L/s))
Spontaneous portion of minute volume in percent (%MVspon)	Range 0 to 100%
Curve displays	Airway pressure (t) (Paw) -30 to 100 mbar (or hPa or $cmH_2O$ )
	Flow (t) -40 to 40 L/min
	$CO_{\circ}$ (t) 0 to 100 mmHq (or 0 to 15 Vol% or 0 to 13 kPa)
Alarms / Monitoring	
Expiratory minute volume (MV)	High / Low
Airway pressure (Paw)	High / Low
Insp. O <sub>2</sub> concentration (FiO <sub>2</sub> )	High / Low (automatic)
End-expiratory CO <sub>2</sub> concentration (etCO <sub>2</sub> )	High / Low
Respiratory rate (RR)	High
Volume monitoring (VT) (in VG or VS)	Low (automatic)
Apnea alarm time (Tapn)	5 to 60 seconds, Off
Disconnect alarm delay time (Tdisconnect)	0 to 60 seconds
Performance data	time avalad processing controlled continuous flow
	unre-cycleu, pressure-controlled, continuous now

 Control principle
 time-cycled, pressure-controlled, continuous flow

 Inspiratory flow BTPS
 max. 30 L/min

 Base flow, neonates
 6 L/min

 Base flow, pediatric patients
 3 L/min

Operating data

Mains supply	
Mains power connection	100 V to 240 V, 50/60 Hz
Current consumption	at 230 V max. 1.1 A Ventilation Unit with Medical Cockpit
	at 230 V max. 1.6 A with GS500
	at 100 V max. 2.5 A Ventilation Unit with Medical Cockpit
	at 100 V max. 3.7 A with GS500
Power consumption	max. 250 W Ventilation Unit with Medical Cockpit
	max. 370 W with GS500
in operation, without loading of internal battery	approx. 100 W Ventilation Unit with Medical Cockpit
	approx. 180 W with GS500
Gas supply	
O <sub>2</sub> pressure	2.7 to 6.0 bar (or 270 to 600 kPa or 39 to 87 psi)
Air pressure	2.7 to 6.0 bar (or 270 to 600 kPa or 39 to 87 psi)
Physical Specifications	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	
Babylog VN500	360 mm x 347 mm x 424 mm (14.17 inch x 13.66 inch x 16.69 inch)
Infinity C500	414 mm x 284 mm x 95 mm (16.29 inch x 11.18 inch x 3.74 inch)
Babylog VN500 and Infinity C500 on trolley	577 mm x 1400 mm x 677 mm (22.7 inch x 55.1 inch x 26.7 inch)
GS500 (mounting on trolley only)	291 mm x 218 mm x 381 mm (11.46 inch x 8.58 inch x 15 inch)
Weight	
Babylog VN500	approx. 16 kg (35.27 lbs)
Infinity C500	approx. 7 kg (15.43 lbs)
GS500	approx. 10 kg (22 lbs)
Babylog VN500 and Infinity C500	approx. 25 kg (55.1 lbs)
Babylog VN500 and Infinity C500 on trolley	approx. 59 kg (130 lbs)
Mounting:	
Supporting frame	approx. 1.65 kg (3.64 lbs)
Adapter for 38 mm pole	approx. 2.35 kg (5.18 lbs)
Infinity C500	Diagonal screen size 17"
	TFT color touch screen
	Input / Output ports
	<ul> <li>– 3 external RS232 (9-pin) connectors</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4 USB ports (on the back panel)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2 USB ports (one on each side panel)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 DVI for digital video output</li> </ul>
	- 2 DVI (not used)
	<ul> <li>– 2 RJ 45 Ethernet connectors</li> </ul>
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